

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



## LIST OF PRINCIPAL INDIVIDUALS

### **Board of Education**

Gary Schuette President

Chris Blackledge Vice President

Joseph Childs Secretary

Leon Densmore Treasurer

Tim Evans Board Member

Kristin Flick Board Member

Gail Proctor Board Member

Management

John Denney Superintendent

Adrienne Spencer Business Manager



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Hanover-Horton School District Horton, Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanover-Horton School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and he standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanover-Horton School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of Reporting Unit's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Reporting Unit's Contributions for pensions, the Schedule of Reporting Unit's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability, the Schedule of Reporting Unit's Contributions for OPEB on pages 3-9 and 43-48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hanover-Horton School District's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2019, on our consideration of the Hanover-Horton School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanover-Horton School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Hanover-Horton School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Drake Certified Public Accountants, PC

Karl Z Dule

September 27, 2019



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Hanover-Horton School District's annual financial report presents discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2019. It is best read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Hanover-Horton School District financially as a whole. The District-Wide Financial Statements provide information about the activities of the entire School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the District-Wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds - the General Fund and Food Service Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as non-major funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net position, presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

**Basic Financial Statements** 

District-Wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Schedules for Net Pension Liability
Schedules for Net OPEB Liability
Budgetary Information for the General Fund and Food Service
(Required Supplemental Information)

Other Supplemental Information

## Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities (that appear first in the School District's financial statements) report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements are prepared to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.



## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, supporting services, community services, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes funds as needed to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it's meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

#### Governmental Funds

All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing money inflow and outflow and the balances remaining at year end which are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation.

### Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities - The School District as Trustee

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.



**Management's Discussion and Analysis** 

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

TABLE 1		Governmen	tal Activ	ities		
	(In Millions)					
		2019	2	2018		
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$	3.2	\$	3.9		
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		6.6		6.9		
TOTAL ASSETS		9.8		10.8		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		6.3		3.7		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		1.9		2.9		
Long-term liabilities		24.6		23.1		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		26.5		26.0		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2.7		2.2		
NET POSITION						
Invested in property and equipment - net of related debt		5.9		4.7		
Restricted		0.7		0.9		
Unrestricted		(19.7)		(19.0)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(13.1)	\$	(13.4)		

The above analysis focuses on the net position (see Table 1). The change in net position (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was (\$13.1) million at June 30, 2019. Capital assets, net of related debt totaling \$5.9 million compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets to long-term debt, including accrued interest on capital appreciation bonds, used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position (\$19.7) million was unrestricted.

The (\$19.7) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.



## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### The School District as a Whole (Continued)

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2019 and 2018.

TABLE 2		Governmen	tal Activ	ities
		illions)		
		2019		2018
REVENUE				
Program Revenue				
Charges for Services	\$	0.7	\$	0.7
Grants and Categoricals		1.1		1.0
General Revenue				
Property Taxes		1.4		1.4
State Aid		7.7		7.4
Other		1.1		1.2
TOTAL REVENUE		12.0		11.7
FUNCTION/PROGRAM EXPENSES				
Instruction		6.6		6.6
Support Services		3.8		3.3
Athletics		0.3		0.3
Food Services		0.4		0.5
Interest on Long-Term Debt		0.1		0.1
Depreciation (Unallocated)		0.5		0.5
TOTAL FUNCTION/PROGRAM EXPENSES		11.7		11.3
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	_\$	0.3	\$	0.4

The primary reasons for the change in net position have been limited funding at the state level and controlling expenditures. The net results are still negatively impacting School Districts across the state of Michigan and specifically our School District. The funding deficit has resulted in cuts to services across the School District.

The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of School District operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.



**Management's Discussion and Analysis** 

#### The School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for certain purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1.8 million, which is an increase of \$255 thousand over last year. The primary reason for the increase is controlling expenditures. The General Fund, the principal operating fund, saw the fund balance increase \$391,071 to \$1,040,514, which is more than the budgeted increase of \$55,597.

- Special Revenue Funds remained stable from the prior year, showing a net decrease of approximately \$5,739.
- Combined, the Debt Service Funds showed a fund balance decrease of \$163,679. Millage rates are
  determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond
  issue-related debt service. Fund Balances in the Debt Service Funds are restricted since they can only be used
  to pay debt service obligations.

## **General Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the School District amends its budget as it attempts to deal with changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

The School District has made cuts in line item spending as well as eliminating programs over the past few years in an attempt to lower expenditures. In addition, the School District has not replaced employees that have retired. Nine teaching positions were eliminated at the end of the 2014-15 school year in order to avoid going into deficit. In 2017, a bond was passed in order to address needed technology items to keep from making the purchases out of the general fund.

In the 2011-12 school year, the School District added a Virtual High School to try to increase enrollment. This program has averaged 10-15 students over the last few years. However, the program was discontinued prior to the 2018-2019 school year due to low participation and poor achievment.

Retirement costs have increased dramatically from 12% in 2001-2002 to as high as 30% in 2018-2019.

There was a slight increase in the State Foundation Allowance. However, there were other costs incurred by the School District due to changes in MPSERS.





#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Asset**

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$6.6 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and disposals) of approximately \$302,515 or 4.37 percent, from last year.

	2019		2018
Land and Improvements	\$	2,454,499	\$ 2,454,499
Buildings and Improvements		12,818,837	12,678,629
Buses and Other Vehicles		406,229	409,229
Furniture and Equipment		985,106	1,092,928
Total Capital Assets		16,664,671	16,635,285
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(10,037,193)	(9,705,292)
Net Capital Assets	\$	6,627,478	\$ 6,929,993

#### **Debt**

At the end of this year, the School District had \$0.6 million in bonds and loans outstanding versus \$0.9 million in the previous year - a decrease of 30.04 percent. Debt consisted of the following:

	2019			
General Obligation Bonds Bus Loans	\$	570,000 41,617	\$	825,000 49,277
	\$	611,617	\$	874,277

The School District's general obligation bond rating continues to be equivalent to the State's credit rating. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt of \$0.6 million is significantly below the statutorily imposed limit.



**Management's Discussion and Analysis** 

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The elected officials and administration considered many factors when setting the School District's 2018-2019 fiscal year budget. The two most important factors are the student count and the amount of revenue that the School District will receive per pupil. The birth rate is down in Michigan, and both the State and Jackson County unemployment rates are having a negative impact on the School District as well. The other budget impact is our per-pupil allocation. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count (using two separate count days) by the per student foundation allocation. The per-pupil allocation in 2008-2009 was \$7,316. Since then, the School District has had several consecutive years of budget cuts, with some ability to partially restore funding through federal funds that were received in 2009-2011. In 2011-2012, the School District had some carry-over funds that it was able to use; however, all of these funding sources have expired. The 2018-2019 per-pupil allocation was \$7,511.

Additionally, staff has been required to pay 20% of the cost of health care. This has shifted some of the rising insurance costs to the employee. Changes have also been made in carriers, increased deductibles and co-pays; all in an attempt to reduce the cost of health care. All insured employees were covered through the Jackson County Health Consortium again in the 2018-2019 school year. The largest cost increase that the School District has experienced is the rising cost of the Michigan Public School Employee Retirement System or MPSERS. The Legislature has passed changes that are designed to limit future increases in the amount that School Districts are contributing into the system. The biggest unknown variables for the 2019-2020 school year is the fall enrollment number and the final per pupil allocation. After the final number is known, the 2019-2020 budget will need to be revised. With the spring student count of just over 1,130 students, the budget was developed with an anticipated enrollment of 1,120 students.

Prior to 2011, the School District's revenue was dependent on the health of the state's School Aid Fund. If there was a surplus in the state School Aid Fund, School Districts received increases in their per pupil allocation. If the School Aid Fund was not generating adequate funding to meet their revenue obligations, local School Districts could receive mid-year budget reductions or a proration. Now that the School Aid Fund has been tapped by the legislature to help balance the state General Fund, local School District funding is even more precarious. The state's long-term commitment to local School Districts is uncertain at best, and budgeting is more challenging as costs continue to rise and revenue continues to decline.

### Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors of the Hanover-Horton School District with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Manager, 10400 Moscow Road, Horton, Michigan 49246.



# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



## **District-Wide Financial Statements**

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

**JUNE 30, 2019** 

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents  Due From Other Governmental Units  Other Current Assets	\$ 1,531,147 1,676,513 9,582
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3,217,242
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	3,217,242
Capital Assets, Net	6,627,478
TOTAL ASSETS	9,844,720
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,044,720
Pension OPEB	6,339,551 919,791
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,259,342
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 17,104,062
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Expenses Accrued Interest Bonds and Loans Payable, Due within One Year	\$ 8,203 1,239,321 3,191 620,021
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,870,736
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Bonds Payable Loans Payable Compensated Absences and Severance Pay Net Pension Liability OPEB Liability	115,000 33,739 42,770 19,333,297 5,100,387
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	24,625,193
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,495,929
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension OPEB	2,663,224 1,188,241
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,851,465
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Food Service Restricted for Sinking Fund Restricted for Capital Projects Unrestricted	5,858,718 269,309 90,431 371,087 41,234 (19,874,111)
TOTAL NET POSITION	(13,243,332)
TOTAL NET FOSITION  TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$ 17,104,062



## **District-Wide Financial Statements**

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program	Revei	nue		Sovernmental Activities
		Expenses	Charges For Operating Services Grants		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Governmental Activities							
Instruction Support Services Food Services Community Services Athletics Interest on Long-Term Debt Depreciation (Unallocated) Total Governmental Activities General Revenue	\$	6,614,513 3,890,095 454,771 4,666 298,390 63,814 473,515 11,799,764	\$ 2,870 441,216 219,365 - 55,268 - 718,719	\$	617,038 153,303 276,156 - - - 1,046,497	\$	(5,994,605) (3,295,576) 40,750 (4,666) (243,122) (63,814) (473,515) (10,034,548)
Taxes							
Property Taxes, Levied for Go Property Taxes, Levied for Do Property Taxes, Levied for Si	ebt Ser	vice					1,146,368 59,989 212,743
State of Michigan Aid, Unrestricted Interest Earnings Other	cted						7,713,507 22,456 1,112,731
Total General Revenue							10,267,794
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							233,246
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF	YEAR	2					(13,476,578)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	2					\$	(13,243,332)



**Governmental Funds** 

## **BALANCE SHEET**

**JUNE 30, 2019** 

		General		Food Service		Other on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governmental Units Due from Other Funds Inventories	\$	1,082,144 303 1,676,513 49,134	\$	138,460 - - - 9,244	\$	310,543 - - 371,087	\$	1,531,147 303 1,676,513 420,221 9,244
Prepaid Expenditures TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,808,129	\$	147,704	\$	681,630	\$	3,637,463
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Φ	2,000,129	Φ	147,704	<u>Ф</u>	081,030	<u></u>	3,037,403
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Withholdings Due to Other Funds Short-Term Loans Deferred Revenue	\$	64 1,239,321 371,087 157,143	\$	8,139 - 49,134 -	\$	- - - -	\$	8,203 1,239,321 420,221 157,143
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,767,615		57,273		_		1,824,888
FUND BALANCES							•	
Non-spendable Restricted Committed		35 378,844		9,244 81,187		681,630		9,279 1,141,661
Assigned Unrestricted		315,200 346,435		- - -		- - -		315,200 346,435
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,040,514		90,431		681,630		1,812,575
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,808,129	\$	147,704	\$	681,630	\$	3,637,463
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES							\$	1,812,575
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state Capital assets used in governmental activities are not and are not reported in the funds:  Cost of the Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation			re diffe	rent because:				16,664,671 (10,037,193) 6,627,478
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the	current	period and are	not repo	orted in the fu	nd:			
Bonds Payable Loans Payable Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability OPEB Liability								(570,000) (41,617) (42,770) (19,333,297) (5,100,387)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in gov Deferred Outflows of Resources are not included in Deferred Inflows of Resources are not included in g	govern	mental funds						(3,191) 7,259,342 (3,851,465)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	S						\$	(13,243,332)





# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Food Service	Other Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUE				
Local Sources Inter-District Sources State Sources Federal Sources Other Sources	\$ 1,304,333 441,216 9,054,891 163,303	\$ 219,365 - 18,125 258,031	\$ 573,746 - - - -	\$ 2,097,444 441,216 9,073,016 421,334
TOTAL REVENUE	10,963,743	495,521	573,746	12,033,010
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction Supporting Services Athletic Activities Community Services Debt Service Capital Outlay  TOTAL EXPENDITURES  EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	6,614,513 3,649,810 298,390 4,666 18,350 21,954 10,607,683	454,771 - - - - 454,771 40,750	498,862 216,623 715,485	6,614,513 4,104,581 298,390 4,666 517,212 238,577 11,777,939
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Indirect costs Loan Proceeds Prior Period Adjustment Transfers In (Out)	35,011	(35,011)	- - -	- - -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	35,011	(35,011)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	391,071	5,739	(141,739)	255,071
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	649,443	84,692	823,369	1,557,504
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,040,514	\$ 90,431	\$ 681,630	\$ 1,812,575



**Governmental Funds** 

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		<b>* **</b>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 255,071
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
- Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.		
Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay	(473,515) 171,000	
		(302,515)
- Accrued interest is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not reported in governmental funds until paid.		(325)
- Deferred outflows of resources are recorded in the statement of net position but not in the governmental funds.		3,277,734
- Deferred inflows of resources are recorded in the statement of net position but not in the governmental funds.		(1,470,403)
- Loan proceeds are a revenue in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it increases long-term debt).		-
- Repayment of note and bond principal are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt).		472,660
- Compensated absences are included in expenditures in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds.		273
- Net Pension Liability is recorded in the statement of net position but not in the governmental funds.		(2,614,086)
- Net OPEB Liability is recorded in the statement of net position but not in the governmental funds.		614,837
CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 233,246



## **Fiduciary Funds**

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## **JUNE 30, 2019**

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$ 285,663
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 285,663
LIABILITIES	
Due to Others	\$ -
Due to Student Groups	 285,663
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 285,663
NET POSITION	\$ -



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

Hanover-Horton School District is located in Jackson County, Michigan. The School District is a K through 12 system. The School District is governed by a School Board consisting of seven Board members, all of whom are elected by School District residents.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the School District. Based on the application of the criteria, the School District does not contain any component units.

#### **B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### **District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The District-Wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### **District-Wide Statements**

The District-Wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.



#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

#### **District-Wide Statements (Continued)**

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the District-Wide financial statements.

#### **Fund Based Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and severance pay, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The fiduciary fund statement is also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than Building and Site Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Special Revenue Fund maintained by the School District is the Food Service Fund.

#### **Debt Retirement Funds**

These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and for the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Debt Retirement Funds maintained by the School District are to retire outstanding 2019 bonded indebtedness, 2009 refunding, and 2002 bonded indebtedness.

#### **Capital Project Funds**

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Capital Project Funds include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For this capital project, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of 1351a of the Revised School Code.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)**

#### **Fund Based Statements (Continued)**

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### Sinking Fund

Sinking Funds are used to account for tax revenue specifically collected for facility improvements and repairs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### Agency Fund

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the School as an agent for student clubs and organizations. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Retirement Funds are under formal budgetary control. Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Amendments are by action of the Board.

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18 (1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the School's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the School for these budgetary funds were adopted at the functional level.

#### D. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied and payable on December 1. The School District collects its taxes through the local School District treasurers. Settlement of the delinquent real property taxes is funded by Jackson and Hillsdale Counties. The School District recognizes property tax revenue in the year of levy except for delinquent personal property taxes, which are recorded as revenue when received.

#### E. INVENTORIES

Inventories are accounted for at cost on a first-in, first-out basis of accounting with the exception of USDA Commodities that are recorded at market value. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and USDA Commodities.

#### F. CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.



#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The School does not require collateral to support financial instruments subject to credit risk.

#### H. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

#### I. STATE CATEGORICAL REVENUE

The School District also receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended for its specific purpose.

#### J. EQUITY

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflow of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. The School District reports three categories of net position, as follows: (1) Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflow of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, and increases by balances of deferred outflow of resources related to those assets; (2) Restricted net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations, such as federal or state laws or buyers of the School District's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflow of resources related to the restricted assets; (3) Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above components and is available for general use by the School District.

#### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Non-spendable Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose.
- Committed Amounts that have been formally set aside by the board for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the board.
- Assigned Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the board.
- Unassigned Balances that do not otherwise fall into one of the above categories.



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### K. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value materially or extend asset life are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and additions	15-50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture and other equipment	5-20 years

#### L. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### M. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### N. DEFERRED OUTFLOW/INFLOW OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as outflows of resources (expenses) until then.





#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### N. DEFERRED OUTFLOW/INFLOW OF RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as inflows of resources (revenue) until that time. This item includes estimates related to Net Pension Liability and OPEB. There is one other item, unavailable revenue, which qualifies for reporting in this category, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### O. NET PENSION LIABILITY

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### P. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

## LEGAL OR CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS FOR DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Michigan Political Subdivisions Act No. 20, Public Acts of 1943, as amended by Act No. 217, Public Acts of 1982, states the Department, by resolution, may authorize investment of surplus funds as follows:

- 1. In bonds and other direct obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- 2. In certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or a savings and loan association, which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; or a credit union, which is insured by the National Credit Union Association; but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union complies with Subsection (2).
- 3. In commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the 2 highest classifications established by not less than 2 standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. Not more than 50% of any fund may be invested in commercial paper at any time.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### LEGAL OR CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS FOR DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- 4. In United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- 5. In bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- 6. In mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The School District is in compliance with State law regarding their cash deposits.

The School District maintains its cash deposits in two financial institutions. At June 30, 2019, the book value of the School District's deposits was \$992,141 and the bank balance was \$1,123,249. Of the bank balance, \$304,652 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$687,489 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments consist of external pooled funds and are stated at Net Asset Value. See footnote Fair Value Measurement for further details.

Total cash and investments as of June 30, 2019, consist of:

\$ 749
991,392
824,669
\$ 1,816,810
\$

#### Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does have a policy for custodial credit risk, requiring diligence and prudence of investment officials when considering investments in obligations other than those of an agency of the United States. At year end, the School District had no investment securities that were uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the School District had no such investments.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District does limit the amount that it may invest in any one issuer. The School District currently has no one investment which exceeds 20 percent of its total investments.

### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The School District restricts the amount of investments in foreign currency and, thus, at year end had no securities subject to foreign currency risk.





#### **NOTE 3 - ACCUMULATED FUND DEFICITS**

There were no accumulated fund deficits at June 30, 2019.

#### **NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District incurred no expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted.

#### NOTE 5 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The School's policy is to not compensate employees for vacation time unused during the school year. Accumulated sick pay policies are as follows:

#### **Teachers**

Credited with 11 sick leave days per year; maximum accumulation of 130 days allowed; amounts over 130 days unused are paid at a rate of \$65 per day. A retirement leave benefit of \$70 per day (maximum \$980) is paid to teachers, employed by the School District for ten years or more, retiring from the School District.

## Support Personnel

Credited with one day per month for months worked up to 10 per year; maximum accumulation of 120 days allowed; amounts over 120 days unused are paid at a rate of 50% of the employee's daily rate. A retirement leave benefit of 50% of the daily rate (maximum \$1,500) is paid upon retirement from the School District.

#### NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTY ACTIVITY

There was no related party activity in the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 7 - COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE

The School District had the following components of fund balance at June 30, 2019:

- A. \$35 of fund balance in the general fund, and \$9,244 of fund balance in the Special Revenue Food Service Fund is non-spendable. This amount represents inventory supplies and USDA commodity inventories on hand at year-end as well as prepaid expenses and is not available for current appropriations and expenditures.
- B. \$1,141,661 of fund balance is restricted for the specific purpose for which it was received. At June 30, 2019, \$81,187 was restricted for Food Service, \$378,844 was restricted for At Risk, \$269,309 was restricted for Debt Service, \$371,087 was restricted for the Sinking Fund, and \$41,234 was restricted for Capital Projects.
- C. \$315,200 of the General Fund balance is assigned for the deficit projected in the District's 2019-2020 budget.
- D. The balance of the Fund Balance is unassigned and is available to fund future School operations. The June 30, 2019, Unassigned General Fund Balance of \$346,435 compares to June 30, 2018, unassigned General Fund Balance of \$472,051.



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### **NOTE 8 - INVENTORY**

There is \$9,244 of inventory in the Special Revenue Fund - Food Service.

#### NOTE 9 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

The Due from Other Governmental Units at June 30, 2019, is comprised of the following:

General Fund	
State of Michigan	
State Aid	\$ 1,646,536
Title 1	24,432
Title 2A	4,158
Title 4	 1,387
	\$ 1,676,513

#### **NOTE 10 - INVESTMENTS**

Investments at estimated fair value as of June 30, 2019, consist of:

Externa	l Investment Pools	\$ 824,669
Investment income	ome (loss) for the year ended June 30, 2019, consists of:	
	and Dividends lized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	\$ 19,624
Total	· ,	\$ 19,624

#### **NOTE 11 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

The School District holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the School District's mission, the School District determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type.

Investments valued at the net asset value as of June 30, 2019, are:

			Redemption	
	Fair	Unfunded	Frequency (if	Redemption
	 Value	Commitments	Currently Eligible)	Notice Period
External Investment Pools	\$ 824,669	\$ -	Unlimited	None





#### NOTE 11 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

External investment pools consist of Michigan Liquid Asset Funds and Comerica Bank School Cash Investment Funds. The School District's funds are invested in the Michigan Liquid Asset Funds and the Comerica Bank School Cash Investment Funds trust accounts in accordance with Sections 622, 1221, and 1223 of the School Code. These investment pools are composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district. These pools are not categorized as to risk because it is not evidenced by securities that the School District owns specifically or can be identified with securities within the liquid asset account. Instead, the funds are held at Net Asset Value (NAV). NAV is determined by each individual pool on a per share basis. Each school district owns a prorata share of each fund, which is held in the name of the funds. There are no restrictions on the redemption of funds from either pool.

#### NOTE 12 - ACCRUED SALARIES AND FRINGE BENEFITS

Of \$643,693 salaries payable at June 30, 2019, \$579,921 represents the unpaid portion of teacher contracts for the 2018-19 school year. Of these salaries, there are also fringe benefits payable at year-end totaling \$301,190.

**NOTE 13 - CAPITAL ASSETS** 

Capital asset activity of the School District's Governmental activities was as follows:

	July 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	June 30, 2019
Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,150
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	2,453,349	-	-	2,453,349
<b>Building and Building Improvements</b>	12,678,629	140,208	-	12,818,837
Buses and Other Vehicles	409,229	-	3,000	406,229
Furniture and Equipment	1,092,928	30,792	138,614	985,106
Subtotal	16,634,135	171,000	141,614	16,663,521
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land Improvements	778,161	57,762	-	835,923
Building and Building Improvements	7,774,396	328,801	-	8,103,197
Buses and Other Vehicles	318,926	27,992	3,000	343,918
Furniture and Equipment	833,809	58,960	138,614	754,155
Subtotal	9,705,292	473,515	141,614	10,037,193
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	6,928,843	(302,515)		6,626,328
Net Capital Assets	\$ 6,929,993	\$ (302,515)	\$ -	\$ 6,627,478

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the School District considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 14 - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

Due to/due from at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Due To:		Due From:	
General Fund Sinking Fund	\$ 49,134 371,087	Food Service General Fund	\$ 49,134 371,087
	\$ 420,221		\$ 420,221

#### **NOTE 15 - BUS LEASE**

In July 2014, the School District entered into a five year lease for school buses with Santander Leasing, LLC. In August 2019, the School District restructured this lease resulting in an extension through the June 2022. Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, totaled \$101,720. Future minimum payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ 101,720
2021	101,720
2022	 101,720
	\$ 305,160

#### **NOTE 16 - SINKING FUND**

The School District has established a sinking fund. For this fund, authorized prior to March 16, 2019, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1212 of the Revised School Code. Taxpayers are funding the Sinking Fund with 1 mill of property taxes for the years 2016-2021. This money will be used for facility repairs and improvements. In the year ended June 30, 2019, \$238,448 was collected and \$199,705 was spent on facility improvements.

#### NOTE 17 - SHORT TERM LOAN

In August 2016, the School District borrowed \$1,100,000 from County National Bank in a State Aid Note. This note matures August 2019, and bears interest at 1.75%. Payments including principal and interest were \$159,893 per month beginning in January 2019. The balance due at June 30, 2019, was \$157,143.





#### **NOTE 18 - LONG TERM DEBT**

Long-Term Debt is comprised of bonded debt and bus notes payable. During the year ended June 30, 2019, long-term debt changed as follows:

Bond Issue	July 1, 2018	Additional Debt	2018-2019 Payments	June 30, 2019	
2009 Refunding Debt	\$ 825,000	\$ -	\$ 420,000	\$ 405,000	
Equipment Loan	49,277	-	7,660	41,617	
2018 Debt	210,000	_	45,000	165,000	
	\$ 1,084,277	\$ -	\$ 472,660	\$ 611,617	

Future minimum payments are as follows:

	Equip	ment Loan	Refu	2009 anding Debt	20	018 Debt	Total
Year Ending June 30,							
2020	\$	7,878	\$	405,000	\$	50,000	\$ 462,878
2021		8,094		-		55,000	63,094
2022		8,317		-		60,000	68,317
2023		8,545		-		-	8,545
2024		8,783				-	 8,783
	\$	41,617	\$	405,000	\$	165,000	\$ 611,617

#### A. 2009 REFUNDING BONDS

The bonds are dated February 25, 2009 with principal due each May 1 and interest due each May 1 and November 1 beginning May 1, 2010 and ending May 1, 2020. The original amount of the bonds was \$4,940,000. Interest rates vary from 3% to 4%. The proceeds from these bonds were used to refund 1999 Building and Site Bonds. The remaining bonds payable at June 30, 2019, were \$405,000.

### **B. EQUIPMENT LOAN**

The School District borrowed \$64,000 from Hillsdale County National Bank in 2016 for the purchase of equipment. Annual payments of \$9,022 (including interest at 2.75%) are due from 2018 through 2024. The balance due at June 30, 2019, was \$41,617.

#### **C. 2018 BONDS**

The bonds are dated June 28, 2018 with principal due each May 1 and interest due each May 1 and November 1, beginning May 1, 2019 and ending May 1, 2022. The original amount of the bonds was \$250,000. Interest rates vary from 1.0% to 1.5%. The proceeds of the bonds were used for school building and technology improvements. Total amount outstanding at June 30, 2019, was \$165,000.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 19 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION

The School District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For the past several years the School District has obtained coverage from commercial insurance companies and has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. All risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. At June 30, 2019, no claims exist, and no provision has been entered into the accounting records.

#### **NOTE 20 - NET PENSION LIABILITY**

#### PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

### **BENEFITS PROVIDED**

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.





#### NOTE 20 - NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

#### **CONTRIBUTIONS**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017 valuation will be amortized over a 21-year period beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September, 30, 2018.

Pension Contribution Rates						
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer				
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	17.89%				
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0%	17.89%				
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4%	16.61%				
Pension Plus 2	6.2%	19.74%				
Defined Contribution	0.0%	13.54%				

Required contributions to the pension plan from the School District were \$1,751,225 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

## LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 20 - NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

#### LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.7%
Alternative Investment Pools	18.0%	9.2%
International Equity	16.0%	7.2%
Fixed Income Pools	10.5%	0.5%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0%	3.9%
Absolute Return Pools	15.5%	5.2%
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0%	0.0%
	100.0%	
*Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expens	ses and 2.3% inflation	

#### RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 11.11%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **DISCOUNT RATE**

A discount rate of 7.05% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.05% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05% (7.00% for the Hybrid Plan), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:





#### NOTE 20 - NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

# SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE (CONTINUED)

Current Single Discount							
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase					
6.05%/6.00%/5.00%	7.05%/7.00%/6.00%	8.05%/8.00%/7.00%					
\$ 25,383,126	\$ 19,333,297	\$ 14,306,873					

Note: Discount rates listed in the following order: Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP), Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2.

#### ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions	S	ummarv	of	Actuarial	Assumi	ntions
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Valuation Date: September 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal

Wage Inflation Rate 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return:

MIP and Basic Plans
7.05%
Pension Plus Plan
7.00%
Pension Plus 2 Plan
6.00%

Projected Salary Increases 2.75-11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments 3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members

Mortality:

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for

males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using

projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active Members P-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and

adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### **NOTE 20 - NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)**

#### ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### NOTES:

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 4.5304.

Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2018 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

# PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$19,333,297 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2017. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.06431 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00021 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$2,173,645. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	89,710	\$	140,492
Changes in Assumptions		4,477,576		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on				
Pension Plan Investments		-		1,321,906
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Reporting Unit				
Contributions and Proportionate share of Contributions		6,524		494,520
Reporting Unit Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		1,765,741		706,306
Total	\$	6,339,551	\$	2,663,224



#### NOTE 20 - NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

# PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan year ending September 30,	
2019	\$ 1,021,945
2020	759,554
2021	585,631
2022	249,762
	\$ 2,616,892

#### MPSERS FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### NOTE 21 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

#### PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 21 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

#### **BENEFITS PROVIDED**

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

#### **CONTRIBUTIONS**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017 valuation will be amortized over a 21-year period beginning October 1, 2017 and ending September 30, 2038.



# NOTE 21 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED) CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

OPEB Contribu	ntion Rates	
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	6.44%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	6.13%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the School District were \$416,488 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

#### LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return*
28.0%	5.7%
18.0%	9.2%
16.0%	7.2%
10.5%	0.5%
10.0%	3.9%
15.5%	5.2%
2.0%	0.0%
100.0%	
	28.0% 18.0% 16.0% 10.5% 10.0% 15.5% 2.0%



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### NOTE 21 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

#### RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 10.75%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### DISCOUNT RATE

A discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# SENSITIVITY OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
6.15%	7.15%	8.15%
\$ 6,122,911	\$5,100,387	\$ 4,240,319

# SENSITIVITY OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATE

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Rate	1% Increase
\$ 4,195,012	\$5,100,387	\$6,139,037





## NOTE 21 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

#### ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date: September 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal

Wage Inflation Rate: 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return: 7.15%

Projected Salary Increases: 2.75-11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: 7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.0% Year 12

Mortality:

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for

males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using

projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active Members P-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and

adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Other Assumptions:

Opt Out Assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after

June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages

continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1

at Retirement or more dependents.



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

# NOTE 21 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED) ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### NOTES:

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2017, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 5.6018.

Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2018 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

# OPEB LIABILITIES, OPEB EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$5,715,224 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2017. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2018, School District's proportion was .06416 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0037% percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$239,875. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	949,313
Changes in Assumptions		540,134		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on				
OPEB Plan Investments		-		196,020
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Reporting Unit				
Contributions and Proportionate share of Contributions		791		42,908
Reporting Unit Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		378,866		-
Total	\$	919,791	\$	1,188,241



#### NOTE 21 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

# OPEB LIABILITIES, OPEB EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB (CONTINUED)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Plan Year Ended September 30:	
2019	\$ (158,556)
2020	(158,556)
2021	(158,556)
2022	(118,671)
2023	 (52,977)
	\$ (647,316)

#### **OPEB FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2018 MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### **NOTE 22 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

Local governments from whom the School District collects tax revenues entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plan Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended, provides a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high tech facilities. An Industrial Facilities Exemption (IFE) certificate entitles the facility to exemption for ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 1-12 years as determined by the local unit of government. The IFT of a new plant and non-industrial property, such as some high-tech personal property, is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District abated property tax revenues totaling \$18,590 under this program.

#### **NOTE 23 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to year end, the School District took out bonds to be paid out of a newly established debt service fund that was approved by the taxpayers. The bonds are dated July 15, 2019, with principal due each May 1 and interest due each May 1 and November 1, beginning May 1, 2020, and ending May 1, 2043. The original amount of the bonds was \$4,530,000. The interest rate is approximately 4%.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

## NOTE 23 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the report date. Subsequent events after that date have not been evaluated.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



**Net Pension Liability** 

# SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

#### AMOUNTS DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
A. Reporting Unit's Proportion of Net Pension Liability (%)	0.06431%	0.06452%	0.06593%	0.06811%	0.06747%
B. Reporting Unit's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$19,333,297	\$16,719,211	\$16,449,080	\$16,636,044	\$15,140,274
C. Reporting Unit's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,445,050	\$ 5,435,731	\$ 5,335,135	\$ 5,304,335	\$ 5,774,396
D. Reporting Unit's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll	355.06%	307.58%	308.32%	313.63%	262.20%
E. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

This schedule is built prospectively. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will show information for those years for which data is available, beginning with fiscal year end June 30, 2015.





# SCHEDULE OF REPORTING UNIT'S CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

#### AMOUNTS DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Statutorily Required Contributions	\$1,751,225	\$1,513,277	\$1,480,500	\$1,313,943	\$1,456,714
B. Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions	2,117,757	2,026,648	1,831,522	1,351,832	1,456,714
C. Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (366,532)	\$ (513,371)	\$ (351,022)	\$ (37,889)	\$ -
D. Reporting Unit's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$5,773,152	\$5,435,731	\$5,335,135	\$5,304,335	\$5,774,396
E. Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	36.68%	37.28%	34.33%	25.49%	25.23%

This schedule is built prospectively. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will show information for those years for which data is available, beginning with fiscal year end June 30, 2015.

#### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

There were no changes of benefit terms in 2018.

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2018.



**Net OPEB Liability** 

# SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

#### AMOUNTS DETERMINED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR

		2018	2017
	porting Unit's Proportion of Net PEB Liability (%)	0.06416%	0.06454%
	porting Unit's Proportionate Share Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,100,387	\$ 5,715,224
	porting Unit's Covered-Employee yroll	\$ 5,445,050	\$ 5,435,731
of Per	porting Unit's Proportionate Share Net OPEB Liability as a rcentage of Its Covered-Employee yroll	93.67%	105.14%
	an Fiduciary Net Position as a reentage of Total OPEB Liability	42.95%	36.39%

This schedule is built prospectively. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will show information for those years for which data is available, beginning with fiscal year end June 30, 2018.





# SCHEDULE OF REPORTING UNIT'S CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

#### AMOUNTS DETERMINED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR

	2019	2018
A. Statutorily Required Contributions	\$ 416,488	\$ 502,642
B. Contributions in Relation to		
Statutorily Required Contributions	495,530	644,555
	Φ (70.040)	Φ (1.41.012)
C. Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (79,042)	\$ (141,913)
D. Reporting Unit's Covered-Employee		
Payroll	\$5,773,152	\$5,435,731
E. Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	8.58%	11.86%
Covered-Employee 1 ayron	8.3870	11.80%

This schedule is built prospectively. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will show information for those years for which data is available, beginning with fiscal year end June 30, 2018.

### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

There were no changes of benefit terms in 2018.

## **Changes of Assumptions**

There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2018.



**Budgetary Comparison Schedule** 

## **GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted	Δm	ounts		Actual	Variance
	 Original	. / 1111	Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	v arrance
REVENUE	C			`	2 ,	
Local Sources	\$ 1,219,748	\$	1,297,317	\$	1,304,333	\$ 7,016
Inter-District Sources	422,832		441,216		441,216	-
State Sources	8,434,506		9,055,970		9,054,891	(1,079)
Federal Sources	195,304		197,240		163,303	(33,937)
Other Sources	31,000		31,000		35,011	4,011
TOTAL REVENUE	10,303,390		11,022,743		10,998,754	(23,989)
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Basic Programs	5,586,302		5,806,908		5,681,683	125,225
Added Needs	918,090		984,964		932,830	52,134
Supporting Services						
Pupil	550,280		629,037		583,530	45,507
Instructional Staff	11,383		10,000		9,935	65
Administration	1,113,497		1,225,635		1,173,161	52,474
Business Services	1,926,034		1,949,426		1,883,184	66,242
Athletic Activities	308,569		307,065		298,390	8,675
Community Services	5,834		5,456		4,666	790
Capital Outlay	26,167		30,305		21,954	8,351
Debt Service	11,979		18,350		18,350	-
Other Uses	 _		-		-	 
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 10,458,135		10,967,146		10,607,683	 359,463
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(154,745)		55,597		391,071	335,474
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE-						
July 1, 2018	 649,443		649,443		649,443	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE-						
June 30, 2019	\$ 494,698	\$	705,040	\$	1,040,514	\$ 335,474



## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

## FOOD SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Variance
	Original		Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	
REVENUE						
Local Sources	\$ 234,827	\$	206,915	\$	219,365	\$ 12,450
State Sources	19,357		18,125		18,125	-
Federal Sources	259,235		250,534		258,031	7,497
Other Sources	-		-		_	-
TOTAL REVENUE	 513,419		475,574		495,521	 19,947
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Basic Programs	-		-		-	-
Added Needs	-		-		-	-
Supporting Services						
Pupil	500,978		459,404		454,771	4,633
Instructional Staff	-		-		-	-
Administration	-		-		-	-
Business Services	-		-		-	-
Athletic Activities	-		-		-	-
Community Services	-		-		-	-
Capital Outlay	-		-		-	-
Debt Service	-		-		-	-
Other Uses - Operating Transfers	31,000		35,011		35,011	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	531,978		494,415		489,782	4,633
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(18,559)		(18,841)		5,739	24,580
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE-						
July 1, 2018	 84,692		84,692		84,692	 -
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE-						
June 30, 2019	\$ 66,133	\$	65,851	\$	90,431	\$ 24,580



## OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



## **GENERAL FUND**



**General Fund** 

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)	Prior Year Actual
REVENUE					
LOCAL SOURCES					
Current Property Tax Levy	\$ 1,144,164	\$ 1,139,552	\$	(4,612)	\$ 1,105,392
Interest and Penalties - Delinquent Taxes	6,517	6,816		299	13,630
Tuition	2,235	2,870		635	1,875
Sale of School Property	-	-		-	-
Refunds	22,363	23,337		974	20,002
Athletic Revenue	54,528	55,268		740	65,171
Interest Earned	19,400	20,896		1,496	15,563
Rental of School Facilities	15,000	15,000			16,020
Transportation	17,000	24,744		7,744	19,890
Other	 16,110	 15,850		(260)	 106
TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES	 1,297,317	 1,304,333		7,016	 1,257,649
INTER-DISTRICT SOURCES					
Career Prep	9,000	9,000		-	9,000
Data Processing Support	29,802	29,802		-	29,689
Special Education	 402,414	402,414		_	400,237
TOTAL INTER-DISTRICT SOURCES	 441,216	 441,216			438,926
STATE SOURCES					
State Aid	7,714,583	7,713,507		(1,076)	7,388,340
Data Collection	29,058	29,054		(4)	28,493
Special Education	286,265	286,265		-	261,791
At Risk	293,765	293,766		1	293,766
Renaissance Zone	7,953	7,953		-	10,877
Literacy Instruction	15,250	15,250		-	16,380
Principal Training	-	-		-	3,483
Retirement Stabilization	706,306	706,306		-	790,597
Computer Adaptive Test	-	-		-	1,066
Dual Enrollment	 2,790	 2,790			-
TOTAL STATE SOURCES	 9,055,970	9,054,891		(1,079)	8,794,793
FEDERAL SOURCES					
Medicaid ADM Outreach	2,804	2,804		-	1,909
Title I	117,359	103,888		(13,471)	103,114
Title II - A	62,577	43,702		(18,875)	34,574
Title IV	10,000	10,000		=	10,000
McKinney Vento	 4,500	 2,909		(1,591)	 229
TOTAL FEDERAL SOURCES	197,240	163,303		(33,937)	149,826
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 10,991,743	\$ 10,963,743	\$	(28,000)	\$ 10,641,194



**General Fund** 

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	 Budget	Actual	F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)	F	Prior Year Actual
EXPENDITURES						
INSTRUCTION						
BASIC PROGRAMS						
Elementary School	\$ 2,735,740	\$ 2,683,845	\$	51,895	\$	2,567,257
Middle School	1,309,063	1,282,665		26,398		1,332,311
High School	1,755,095	1,709,693		45,402		1,734,100
Summer School	7,010	5,480		1,530		7,383
TOTAL BASIC PROGRAMS	5,806,908	5,681,683		125,225		5,641,051
ADDED NEEDS						
Special Education	851,406	816,516		34,890		839,878
Compensatory Education	133,558	116,314		17,244		104,669
TOTAL ADDED NEEDS	984,964	932,830		52,134		944,547
TOTAL INSTRUCTION	 6,791,872	6,614,513		177,359		6,585,598
SUPPORTING SERVICES						
PUPIL						
Guidance	144,220	141,571		2,649		137,806
Health Services	25,500	19,238		6,262		19,032
Social Work Services	44,100	41,370		2,730		35,130
Other Pupil Services	302,335	283,338		18,997		226,239
Improvement of Instruction	36,937	24,386		12,551		22,561
<b>Educational Media Services</b>	 75,945	 73,627		2,318		73,030
TOTAL PUPIL	 629,037	 583,530		45,507		513,798
INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF						
Supervision and Direction	10,000	9,935		65		10,000
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF	10,000	9,935		65		10,000
ADMINISTRATION						
Board of Education	81,915	66,381		15,534		58,925
<b>Executive Administration</b>	439,998	428,944		11,054		441,817
School Administration	 703,722	677,836		25,886		628,975
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	\$ 1,225,635	\$ 1,173,161	\$	52,474	\$	1,129,717



**General Fund** 

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)	Prior Year Actual
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)					
SUPPORTING SERVICES (CONTINUED)					
BUSINESS SERVICES  Operation and Maintenance Pupil Transportation Technology Security	\$ 1,085,422 625,484 130,959 11,999	\$ 1,043,085 611,063 130,689 11,811	\$	42,337 14,421 270 188	\$ 1,031,934 606,312 128,470 11,473
Other Pupil Accounting TOTAL BUSINESS SERVICES	 82,086 13,476 1,949,426	73,060 13,476 1,883,184		9,026 - 66,242	63,973 13,407 1,855,569
TOTAL SUPPORTING SERVICES	 3,814,098	 3,649,810		164,288	 3,509,084
ATHLETIC ACTIVITIES	 307,065	298,390		8,675	 294,910
COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Other	 5,456	 4,666		790	 6,236
TOTAL COMMUNITY SERVICES	 5,456	 4,666		790	6,236
DEBT SERVICE	 18,350	 18,350			 11,979
CAPITAL OUTLAY	30,305	 21,954		8,351	21,345
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,967,146	10,607,683		359,463	 10,429,152
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	24,597	356,060		331,463	212,042
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Indirect Costs Loan Proceeds	31,000	35,011		4,011	34,449
Prior Period Adjustment Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)	 - - -	- - -		- - -	(5,311)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 31,000	 35,011	-	4,011	29,138
EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$ 55,597	391,071	\$	335,474	\$ 241,180
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018		649,443			
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019		\$ 1,040,514			



## **SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**



**Food Service Fund** 

## COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

### **JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018**

	 2019	2018
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 138,460	\$ 124,064
Due from Other Governmental Units	-	-
Due from Other Funds	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	-	130
Inventory	 9,244	 19,508
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 147,704	\$ 143,702
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,139	\$ 8,435
Accrued Salaries	-	-
Accrued Expenses	-	-
Due to Other Funds	 49,134	50,575
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 57,273	 59,010
FUND BALANCE		
Non-Spendable	9,244	19,638
Restricted	 81,187	65,054
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 90,431	84,692
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 147,704	\$ 143,702



# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget		Actual	Fav	riance vorable avorable)		Prior Year Actual
REVENUE								
Goods Sold Student Meals	\$	101,000	\$	107,582	\$	6,582	\$	109,947
Adult Meals	Ψ	7,000	Ψ	7,096	Ψ	96	Ψ	8,375
Ala Carte Meals		74,700		78,865		4,165		68,609
Breakfast		11,000		11,686		686		10,696
Catering		1,200		1,609		409		1,635
State Aid		18,125		18,125		-		18,950
Federal Aid		219,616		228,867		9,251		218,801
Federal USDA Commodities in Kind		30,918		29,164		(1,754)		33,637
Other Income		9,500		9,980		480		4,317
Interest Income		2,515		2,547		32		1,612
TOTAL REVENUE		475,574		495,521		19,947		476,579
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries		126,216		126,216		-		131,009
Fringe Benefits		75,170		73,714		1,456		77,408
Dues and Fees		7,620		7,620		-		6,993
Purchased Services		13,311		11,048		2,263		10,937
Food and Supplies		186,636		185,734		902		180,721
Miscellaneous		200		188		12		-
Contracted Services		50,251		50,251		-		50,865
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		459,404		454,771		4,633		457,933
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		16,170		40,750		24,580		18,646
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Indirect Costs		(35,011)		(35,011)		-		(34,449)
Prior Period Adjustment		-		_		-		-
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(35,011)		(35,011)		_		(34,449)
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND AND OTHER USES	•	(18,841)		5,739	¢	24,580	\$	(15,803)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	Ф	(10,041)		3,739 84,692	\$	24,300	φ	(13,003)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	90,431				



## **DEBT RETIREMENT FUNDS**



## **Debt Retirement Funds**

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## **JUNE 30, 2019**

	2009	Refunding	5			
		20	018 Debt	Total		
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	235,806	\$	33,503	\$	269,309
Due from Other Funds		-		-		_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	235,806	\$	33,503	\$	269,309
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE						
Fund Balance		235,806		33,503		269,309
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		235,806		33,503		269,309
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	235,806	\$	33,503	\$	269,309



**Debt Retirement Funds** 

# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

		20	009 I	Refunding Del	bt	
	Budget		Actual		V F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
REVENUE						
Current Taxes Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Property Taxes Earned Interest State Aid Revenue Miscellaneous	\$	272,802 1,000 1,485	\$	271,731 1,027 1,288	\$	(1,071) 27 (197) -
TOTAL REVENUE		275,287		274,046		(1,241)
EXPENDITURES						
Principal on Bonds Interest on Bond Agent Fees and Other		420,000 30,900 172		420,000 30,900 172		- - -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		451,072		451,072		_
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(175,785)		(177,026)		(1,241)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond Proceeds Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)		- - -		- - -		- - -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$	(175,785)		(177,026)	\$	(1,241)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR				412,832		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	235,806		



# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

		,	2018 Debt		
	Budget		Actual	F	variance avorable favorable)
REVENUE				`	<u> </u>
Current Taxes Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Property Taxes Earned Interest State Aid Revenue Miscellaneous	\$ 59,780 220 1,094 -	\$	59,763 226 1,148 -	\$	(17) 6 54 -
TOTAL REVENUE	 61,094		61,137		43
EXPENDITURES					
Principal on Bonds Interest on Bond Agent Fees and Other	45,000 2,785 20		45,000 2,785 5		- - 15
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	47,805		47,790		15
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	13,289		13,347		58
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond Proceeds Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)	- - -		- - -		- - -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$ 13,289		13,347	\$	58
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			20,156		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$	33,503		



**Debt Retirement Funds** 

# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

		Total			
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUE					
Current Taxes Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Property Taxes Earned Interest State Aid Revenue Miscellaneous	\$ 332,582 1,220 2,579	\$ 331,494 1,253 2,436	\$	(1,088) 33 (143) -	
TOTAL REVENUE	336,381	335,183		(1,198)	
EXPENDITURES					
Principal on Bonds Interest on Bond Agent Fees and Other	465,000 33,685 192	465,000 33,685 177		- - 15	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	498,877	498,862		15	
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(162,496)	(163,679)		(1,183)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond Proceeds Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)	- - -	- - -		- - -	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-		_	
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$ (162,496)	(163,679)	\$	(1,183)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		432,988			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 269,309			



## **CAPITAL PROJECT FUND**



Capital Project Fund

## **BALANCE SHEET**

**JUNE 30, 2019** 

ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 41,234
Due from Other Funds	 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 41,234
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ -
Due to Other Funds	 -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 _
FUND BALANCE	
Fund Balance	 41,234
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 41,234
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 41,234





# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

REVENUE	
Current Taxes	\$ -
Delinquent Taxes	-
Interest and Penalties	
on Delinquent Property Taxes	-
Earned Interest	115
State Aid Revenue	-
Miscellaneous	 
TOTAL REVENUE	115
EXPENDITURES	
Debt Service	-
Capital Outlay	16,918
Bond Fees	 -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,918
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (16,803)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Bond Proceeds	-
Operating Transfers In	-
Operating Transfers (Out)	 -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	
SOURCES (USES)	-
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER)	
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(16,803)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	58,037
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 41,234



## **SINKING FUND**



**Sinking Fund** 

## COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

## JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	2019		2018	
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes Receivable		-		-
Due from Other Funds		371,087		332,344
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	371,087	\$	332,344
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-
Due to Other Governments				-
TOTAL LIABILITIES				-
FUND BALANCE				
Fund Balance		371,087		332,344
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		371,087		332,344
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	371,087	\$	332,344



**Sinking Fund** 

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

## **YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018**

REVENUE		Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		Prior Year Actual	
Current Taxes Delinquent Taxes Grants	\$	211,998 780	\$	211,942 801	\$	(56) 21	\$	200,356 716	
Earned Interest Miscellaneous		900 20,379		412 25,293		(488) 4,914		809	
TOTAL REVENUE EXPENDITURES		234,057		238,448		4,391		201,881	
Capital Outlay		200,057		199,705		352		195,765	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		200,057		199,705		352		195,765	
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		34,000		38,743		4,743		6,116	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers (Out)		- -		- -		- -		- -	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								-	
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	EES \$	34,000		38,743	\$	4,743	\$	6,116	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR				332,344					
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$	371,087					



## **AGENCY FUNDS**



# HANOVER-HORTON SCHOOL DISTRICT

**Agency Funds** 

### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

**JUNE 30, 2019** 

ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 285,663
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 285,663
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Funds Due to Student Groups	\$ - 285,663
Due to Student Groups TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 285,663



## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	 July 1, 2018		Receipts	Dis	bursements	June 30, 2019	
ASSETS							
Cash	\$ 270,503	\$	362,679	\$	347,519	\$	285,663
LIABILITIES							
Due to Other Funds	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to Student Groups	 270,503		362,679		347,519		285,663
	\$ 270,503	\$	362,679	\$	347,519	\$	285,663



# DETAILED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES INTERNAL ACTIVITIES FUND

ACTIVITY	Stude	Oue to ent Groups y 1, 2018	Receipts Disbursements					Due to Student Groups June 30, 2019		
Academic Boosters	\$	77	\$	_	\$	38	\$	39		
Academic Service Learning	*	1,916	_	-	_	563	_	1,353		
Alumni Account		31,781		4,266		380		35,667		
Ames Memorial		20,148		300		2,000		18,448		
Athletic Tournaments		3,883		22,380		22,587		3,676		
Band Piano		1,525		-		1,525		-		
Band Fundraising		2,278		8,546		9,780		1,044		
Band Travel		-		59,531		45,985		13,546		
Blooming Comets		170		-		-		170		
Bulgrien Act		328		472		456		344		
Give Hope		22		-		-		22		
5th Grade		2,660		3,215		3,234		2,641		
Cheerleaders		1,006		2,765		3,185		586		
Choir		594		1,100		1,099		595		
Chris Brian Scholarship		1,187		-		-		1,187		
Class of:										
2016		3,163		-		3,163		-		
2018		1,052		-		1,052		-		
2019		2,818		-		-		2,818		
2019		4,293		260		1,463		3,090		
2020		5,980		5,110		7,130		3,960		
2021		1,890		1,180		-		3,070		
2022		-		1,457		-		1,457		
Competitive Grant (JCF)		8,089		30,000		31,161		6,928		
Cool Care Challenge		57		-		-		57		
Counseling - Elem		100		-		-		100		
Drama Club		6,356		-		-		6,356		
Earnings of Investments		3,033		4,430		192		7,271		
Educational Fund Grants		1,502		2,944		2,939		1,507		
Elementary		2,402		2,220		3,756		866		
Young 5 Field Trips		874		392		295		971		
Kindergarten Field Trips		1,612		1,810		1,892		1,530		
First Grade Field Trips		149		1,256		1,462		(57)		
Elementary Art		779		-		-		779		
Second Grade Field Trips		1,446		430		493		1,383		
Third Grade Field Trips		1,459		1,356		2,352		463		
Elementary Box Tops		1,070		715		1,390		395		
Fourth Grade Field Trips		574		909		1,067		416		
Elementary Lock In		1,930		4,503		2,860		3,573		
Elementary Fourth Grade Science	_	489		200		-		689		
Elementary Merchandise	\$	1,197	\$	9,085	\$	8,502	\$	1,780		



# DETAILED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES INTERNAL ACTIVITIES FUND (CONTINUED)

ACTIVITY	Stude	Oue to ent Groups y 1, 2018		Receipts	Di	sbursements	Stu	Due to dent Groups are 30, 2019
Elementary Pop Fund	\$	485	\$	817	\$	1,096	\$	206
Elementary RTI	φ	99	φ	617	φ	1,090	Ф	33
Elementary Student Council		1,054		_		00		1,054
Girl's Golf		1,034		-		-		1,034
Girl's Travel Basketball		5,004		7,792		10,913		1,883
H-H Renaissance Account		(263)		263		10,913		1,005
H-H Music Boosters		9,203		13,626		9,722		13,107
H-H Community Service Club		2,327		667		1,473		1,521
HS Art		116		100		72		1,321
HS Baseball		985		7,443		6,988		1,440
HS Business Management Class		848		1,864		1,797		915
HS Cross Country		2,858		7,144		7,494		2,508
HS English Department		500		7,144		500		2,308
HS Football		10,093		10,354		13,953		6,494
HS GSA Club		51		10,554		13,933		51
HS Golf		(192)		_		_		(192)
HS Human Relations		1,425		_		1,425		(192)
HS Journalism		645		- 744		1,423		1,193
HS Milk Grant		043		3,300		1,397		1,903
HS Miscellaneous		2,339		1,613		390		3,562
HS Counseling		1,490		968		340		2,118
HS National Honor Society		1,641		2,696		1,451		2,886
HS Portfolio Supplies		590		2,090		40		550
HS Tech Lab		1,298		80		80		1,298
HS World Language Club		1,877		28		31		1,874
HS SAC		939		26		939		1,074
HS Girls Soccer		2,583		267		1,118		1,732
HS Boys Soccer		4,148		2,474		2,731		3,891
HS Student Council		2,320		2,056		714		3,662
HS Teacher's Lounge		252		331		165		418
HS Track		293		5,635		4,475		1,453
HS Website Development		230		5,055		<b>-</b> ,-73		230
HS Yearbook		(1,219)		7,503		4,416		1,868
JCF Youth Mini Grant		73		7,505		-,-10		73
Junior Pro Boys Basketball		(635)		14,545		14,222		(312)
Kids Club		67		14,545		14,222		67
Ladd Scholarship		97				_		97
Library Fund		808		617		853		572
Lil Comets		1,660		-		033		1,660
Loss and Damage	\$	397	\$	93	\$	258	\$	232



# DETAILED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES INTERNAL ACTIVITIES FUND (CONTINUED)

ACTIVITY	Stud	Due to ent Groups y 1, 2018	Receipts	Dis	sbursements	Due to Student Groups June 30, 2019	
Maintenance Rewards and Recognition	\$	981	\$ 425	\$	728	\$	678
M. Bytnar Memorial Fund		217	-		-		217
Most Teens Don't		692	-				692
MS Activity		10,244	17,525		16,547		11,222
MS Art Fund		266	100		91		275
MS Cheerleading		22	-		-		22
MS Choir		3,901	1,169		1,296		3,774
MS Robotics		180	3,788		2,410		1,558
MS Miscellaneous		3,482	838		663		3,657
MS Pop Machine		435	84		-		519
MS Popcorn Repair Fund		478	-		-		478
MS Sunshine		_	286		257		29
MS Rewards		1	-		1		-
MS Running Club		71	-		-		71
MS Student Council		1,504	1,240		1,346		1,398
Weight Equipment		298	-		270		28
MS Yearbook		1,531	-		-		1,531
McGee Scholarship L.E.		1,977	1,458		1,500		1,935
New Library		1,084	-		-		1,084
New Press Box		340	-		-		340
Nick Thornsbury Memorial		3,466	-		-		3,466
Night Lights		2,859	7,935		5,990		4,804
Nursing		130	-		-		130
HS Science Dept		347	-		6		341
Pop Machine		966	4,106		4,621		451
PTA		8,431	2,253		6,963		3,721
RIOT Account		846	-		400		446
Robbie Curtis Charitable		1,004	-		-		1,004
Ruth Creps Scholarship		30,880	32,000		29,526		33,354
Soccer		5,388	2,950		3,164		5,174
Scholarship Fund		68	7,000		5,000		2,068
HS Math		1,417	210		215		1,412
Student Teacher Fund		802	-		10		792
Summer School		_	2,120		1,544		576
Summer Lights		769	-		769		-
Supplies R Us		1,714	1,513		879		2,348
Tech Grant		430	6,460		6,480		410
HS Volleyball		5,306	2,259		2,428		5,137
Wall of Fame		1,000	-		-		1,000
Wrestling Club		267	1,707		1,800		174
Wallbaum Field Trip		230	979		877		332
Youth Baseball		4	 422		422		4
Total	\$	270,503	\$ 362,679	\$	347,519	\$	285,663



# STATEMENTS OF INDEBTEDNESS



# HANOVER-HORTON SCHOOL DISTRICT

**Statement of Indebtedness** 

**JUNE 30, 2019** 

## **EQUIPMENT LOAN**

Balance Outstanding - June 30, 2019

\$ 41,617

Balance Payable as Follows:						
Year	Interest Rate	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total
2019-2020	2.75%	\$	7,878	\$	1,144	\$ 9,022
2020-2021	2.75%		8,094		928	9,022
2021-2022	2.75%		8,317		705	9,022
2022-2023	2.75%		8,545		477	9,022
2023-2024	2.75%		8,783		246	 9,029
		\$	41,617	\$	3,500	\$ 45,117

### 2009 REFUNDING DEBT

**Balance Outstanding - June 30, 2019** 

\$ 405,000

Balance Payable as Follows:				
Year	Interest Rate	Principal Interest		Total
2019-20	3.50%	\$ 405,000	\$ 16,200	\$ 421,200
		\$ 405,000	\$ 16,200	\$ 421,200



## **Statement of Indebtedness**

### **JUNE 30, 2019**

## **2018 DEBT**

**Balance Outstanding - June 30, 2019** 

\$ 165,000

Balance Payable as Follows:						
Year	Interest Rate	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2019-2020	1.35%	\$	50,000	\$	2,268	\$ 52,268
2020-2021	1.40%		55,000		1,642	56,642
2021-2022	1.50%		60,000		900	 60,900
		\$	165,000	\$	4,810	\$ 169,810





# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Hanover-Horton School District Horton, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanover-Horton Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hanover-Horton School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hanover-Horton School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanover-Horton School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanover-Horton School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Hanover-Horton School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hanover-Horton School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide on opinion on the effectiveness of Hanover-Horton School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hanover-Horton School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Drake Certified Public Accountants, PC

Karl Z Darlo

September 27, 2019





September 27, 2019

Board of Education Hanover-Horton Schools Horton, Michigan 49426

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanover-Horton Schools for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

### Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated April 8, 2019, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our engagement letter dated April 8, 2019.

### Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Hanover-Horton Schools are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during this fiscal year. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit, during the year, for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them



may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the depreciation is based on useful life of the assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate, in determining that it is reasonable, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure of long-term debt in Note 18 to the financial statements.

### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. None of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures, and corrected by management, were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, which could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 27, 2019.

### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.



### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. The primary discussions held this year revolved around the segregation of responsibilities in the School District office. These discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, however, and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of Hanover-Horton Schools, management of Hanover-Horton Schools and the Michigan Department of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Drake Certified Public Accountants, P.C.

Karl Z Denle